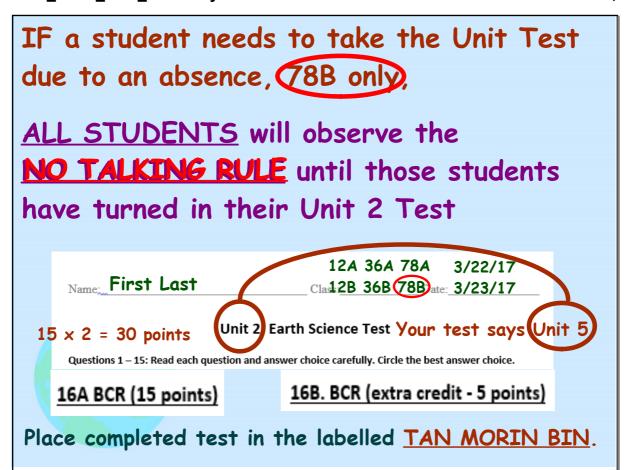
NEEDED for UNIT 2 TEST RECOVERY: DYNAMIC EARTH WORKBOOK

Homeroom, Friday 24 March: We will do recycling TUESDAY, 28 March

Mar 22-9:00 AM

PLAN of the DAY:

- 0) IF ABSENT, Unit 2 Dynamic Earth TEST
- 1A) Unit 2 Dynamic Earth Test RECOVERY (SILENT ACTIVITY for 78B only)
- 1B) Once you have completed your Unit 2 TEST RECOVERY, continue working on the Unit 3 and Unit 2 READINGS & QUESTIONS.
- 2) ALL incomplete READING assignments are due NO LATER than Wednesday, March 29th REGARDLESS of whether you have science that day.
- If an A-day student, drop off your text during Homeroom Wednesday.



Mar 20-6:26 AM

RECOVERY is a SILENT ACTIVITY for 78B only.

For ALL OTHER CLASSES, RECOVERY will be a QUIET ACTIVITY. RECOVERY will turn into SILENT if students become loud and off-task).

RECOVERY INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED to receive half credit (1 point) for missed SELECTED RESPONSE QUESTIONS only.

BCRs may NOT be recovered.

RECOVERY instructions are:

- 1) CIRCLE the NEW answer COMPLETELY (letter and answer).
- 2) Find where, in your **DYNAMIC EARTH** workbook, the question was answered (direct) or information important/necessary to answer the question (implied) was found.
- 3) Write that PAGE # next to your NEW answer.
- 4) Copy the HEADING of the passage in which the answer was found on that page.
- 5) Place RECOVERED Unit 2 Test in the TAN MORIN BIN by the end of class OR beginning of class 3/28 (A-day) or 3/29 (B-day). Recovery will NOT be accepted after that!

Mar 23-2:36 PM



8. The amount of time in a day on Saturn is less than the amount of time in a day on Earth because Saturn

Require 9

Page #

A has a shorter axis

Thas a more tilted axis

C rotates more slowly on its axis

D rotates more quickly on its axis

Page 142, What determines the

length of a day?

Heading Pessice

NEW ANSWER circled completely

Required

What determines the length of a day?

Each planet spins on its axis. Earth's axis (ACK•sis) is an imaginary straight line that runs from the North Pole to the South Pole. The spinning of a body, such as a planet, on its axis is called **rotation**. The time it takes a planet to complete one full rotation on its axis is called a **day**.

Once you have completed the Unit 2 Test RECOVERY, place your CORRECTED TEST in the TAN MORIN BIN.

Then, continue working in Unit 3, <u>Earth's Atmosphere</u>: Lesson 3 Wind in the Atmosphere, pages 132 - 142. Answer Questions 1 - 22 (omit 9, 14 & 15).

AND, Unit 2, Oceanography:

Lesson 1 Earth's Oceans and the Ocean Floor, pages 52-62.

Answer Questions 1 - 19 (omit 14).

EXTRA CREDIT: Question 14 on a separate paper.

Lesson 2 Ocean Waves, pages 66 - 76.

Answer Questions 1 - 22 (omit 13 & 14).

Lesson 3 Ocean Currents, pages 80 - 92. Answer Questions 1 - 26 (omit 17 & 18).

Mar 23-2:23 PM

PRODUCT ASSIGNMENT as MODIFIED below:

Think Outside the Book (page 96) after Unit 2 completed.

Think Outside the Book

- 2 Synthesize Complete the circled activity to help synthesize what you have learned in this unit.
- Using what you learned in lessons 1 and 2, make a hipbook that shows now an earthquake along a fault near 2 subducting plate might affect the ocean water above it
- Using what you learned in lessons 1 and 3, make a poster presentation describing how the temperature of ocean water is important to distributing energy as heat around the global ocean.

DUE:
April 3
(A-Day)

April 4

(B-day)

See me for "poster paper."



Mar 24-9:18 AM